

CORONIAL AUTOPSY STUDY

National Confidential Enquiry into Patient Outcome and Death (NCEPOD)

ORGANISATIONAL QUESTIONNAIRE				
CONFIDENTIAL				
Location of Mortuary				
Who completed this questionnaire?				
Name:				
Position:				
What is this study about?	How to complete this questionnaire			
NCEPOD will be assessing the quality of coronial autopsy reports requested by coroners under the England, Wales, Northern Ireland, Guernsey & Isle of Man coronial systems. Autopsy reports will be	This form will be electronically scanned. Please use a black or blue pen . Please complete all questions with either block capitals or a bold cross inside the boxes provided e.g.			
assessed using a pre-designed questionnaire, based on the Royal College of Pathologists Guidelines for Autopsy Practice (2002), and the where applicable the	Does the mortuary keep a record of autopsies?			
Coroners Rules 1984	Yes No Unknown			

As part of the study, we are interested in identifying the mortuary facilities available to pathologists, and how they might impact on the quality of autopsy reports.

Data will be collected retrospectively over a one week period from England, Wales, Northern Ireland, Guernsey, Jersey and the Isle of Man. Both hospital and public mortuaries will be included.

The work is supported by the Coroners' Society of England and Wales and The Royal College of Pathologists.

Who should complete this questionnaire?

The manager responsible for the mortuary and its facilities should complete this questionnaire. If necessary, he/she may wish to consult the pathologists in answering some of the questions.

Each mortuary will be required to complete one organisational questionnaire. If you do not feel able to complete this questionnaire, please pass it on to the most appropriate person and inform NCEPOD.

Please return the completed questionnaire in the

If you make a mistake, please 'black-out' the box and reenter the correct information, e.g.

Does this mortuary account pandiatric cases?

Does this mo	ortuary accept pae	ediatric cases?
Yes	⊠ No	Unknowr

Unless indicated, please mark only one box per question. Where $^{(\text{def})}$ is indicated, a definition is provided on the back of the questionnaire.

Free space is provided on the last page for your comments.

Incomplete questionnaires may be followed up.

Questions or help

If you have any queries about the study or this questionnaire, please contact

Tel: 0207 920 0999 or email: coronialautopsy@ncepod.org.uk

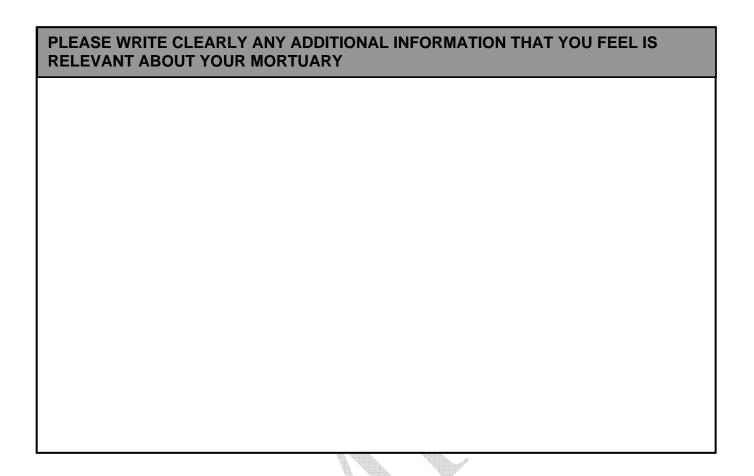
A	- The mortuary			
1.	a. b.	Is the mortuary within hospital premises?	Yes Yes	□ No □ No
	c.	Is it a Local Authority public mortuary?	Yes	No No
	d.	Is it a combined hospital and public mortuary?	Yes	No
(An	swers	may be multiple)		
2.	in tł	w many coronial autopsies (def) were performed ne mortuary between 1st April 2004 and 31st rch 2005? (All ages)		
3.	a.	Does the mortuary keep a record of autopsies?		No
	b.	If yes, how is this stored? (Answers may be multiple) Hand w	written (e.g. log book) specify)
		Unkno	own	
4.	a.	How are instructions for autopsy usually given to the pathologist?		Written Orally Combination of oral and written Unknown
	b.	b. By whom is the usually instruction given? (Please specify		
5.		ich of the following age groups are autopsied in mortuary? (Answers may be multiple)		Under 1 year old 1 – 5 years old 6 – 15 years old Adult (16 and over)

6.	a	When was the mortuary original	nally built?		y y y y	Unknow
	b	When was the mortuary last i	refurbished? (If	`applicable)	y y y y	Unknow
7.	a.	Does the mortuary have on si facilities?	te shower		Yes	No
	b.	Does the mortuary have an orroom?	n site changing		Yes	No
8.		nt clothing do pathologists wear psies? (Answers may be multiple	-	Protec	etive clothing over tive clothing over	-
В	Duo	to colo and muccadina			V	
D	– Pro	tocols and procedure				
9.	a.	Are there written protocols in autopsy performance?	place for	Yes	No No	Unknow
	b.	If yes, who does this apply to	.?	Pathol	ogists	
				Anato Both	mical pathology	technicians
10.	a.	Please indicate if any of the f within the mortuary, and who				
			Autopsy p	performed	Written prote	ocol in place
		Hepatitis B	Yes	No	Yes	☐ No
		Hepatitis C	Yes	No No	Yes	☐ No
		Human Immunodeficiency Virus	Yes	No No	Yes	No No
		Tuberculosis	Yes	No	Yes	☐ No
		Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease	Yes	No No	Yes	☐ No

	b. If the answer to any of the above autopsy's performed is no, please specify why.
11.	Does the mortuary have Clinical Pathology Accreditation (CPA) ^(def) or equivalent?
12.	Is it mandatory in your mortuary that a pathologist Sees a body before evisceration takes place?
C.	– Staffing
13.	 a. How many pathologists used the mortuary in the last calendar year? (<i>April 1st 2004 – March 31st 2005</i>) (<i>All grades</i>) b. Is this an estimate? (<i>If applicable</i>) Yes No
14.	a. How many coronial jurisdictions used this mortuary in the last calendar year?) (To include coroners, deputies and assistant deputies) (April 1 st 2004 – March 31 st 2005)
15.	How many whole time equivalent anatomical pathology technicians (APT) or other personnel (e.g. MLA, ATO) assist with autopsy examinations?
16.	Who does evisceration of most of the bodies? Pathologist Anatomical pathology technician Other (Please specify)

D-	D – Equipment				
17.	Are bo	odies measured for height?	Yes	☐ No	
18.	Are all	Il bodies weighed?	Yes	No No	
19.	Does t	the mortuary have organ scales?	Yes	□ No	
20.	Does t	the mortuary have access to an electric saw?	Yes	□ No	
21.		the mortuary have, or have ready access to, equipment on site?	Yes	□ No	
E-	Facilit	ties	40000000		
22.	a.	Does the mortuary or pathologist have, or have reflected the Histology (def) Toxicology (def) Other Laboratory investigations (def)	eady access to Yes Yes Yes Yes	o, facilities to process: No No No No	
	b.	If yes to any of the above, is there a documented custody for samples as they are processed for the		Yes No	
	c.	If yes, please give details.			

d.	If there are any problems with the chain of custody, please give details.
23.	a. Does the mortuary have formalin Yes No No Yes
	b. Does the mortuary have storage facilities for fixed tissues and organs?
24.	Is there a separate suite/room for high risk infectious autopsies? Yes No Not applicable
25.	Is there an office area for pathologists to Write up or dictate notes?
26.	a. Is lighting in the mortuary adequate? Yes No Unknown (As judged by the majority of users)
	b. Are there additional spotlights for wore detailed examination?
27.	a. What is the total number of tables for eviscerating bodies in the mortuary?
	b. Are there separate organ dissecting tables? Yes No
28.	Does the mortuary have moving air ventilation Wes No with temperature control?
29.	Does the mortuary have viewing facilities Yes No for clinicians?



DEFINITIONS				
Coronial autopsy	An autopsy conducted at the direction of the coroner, to identify the cause of death, and determine, or assist in determining, whether the death was natural or unnatural. This will include forensic post mortems. Consent of the family is not required. (http://www.the-shipman-inquiry.org.uk July 2003)			
High risk infectious autopsy	For example, HIV, Hepatitis B, Hepatitis C, Tuberculosis, and Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease.			
CPA accredited	The mortuary has undergone an external audit of the ability to provide a service of high quality by declaring a defined standard of practice, which is confirmed by peer review." (http://www.cpa-uk.co.uk/ 2005)			
Other Personnel	Examples include: MLO – medical laboratory assistant ATO – Assistant Technical Officer			

Histology	'The study of the minute structure of the tissues.' (Black's Medical Dictionary. 36 th Ed. 1990) 'As best practice, sampling of all major organs for histology in all autopsies is recommended' (The Royal College of Pathologists; <i>Guidelines on Autopsy Practice. Report of a working group of the Royal College of Pathologists</i> . September 2002)
Toxicology	'The science dealing with poisons' (Blacks Medical Dictionary. 36 th Ed. 1990) The sampling of fluids or tissue samples for the evaluation of medical drugs and drugs of substance abuse
Other Laboratory investigations	To include microbiology, virology and immunology. Microbiology: 'The branch of biology concerned with the study of micro-organisms.' (Blacks Medical Dictionary. 36 th Ed. 1990) Virology: 'The study of virus's and viral disease' (http://www.amfar.org. 2005) Immunology: 'The study of the bodies immune system and it's functions and disorders.' (http://www.mccg.org. 2004) For example, blood tests for viral infections and mast cell tryptase.

